



Secure Autonomous Systems

CSCI 6907/3907 88

Fall 2022

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<https://bit.ly/secureauto-fall22>

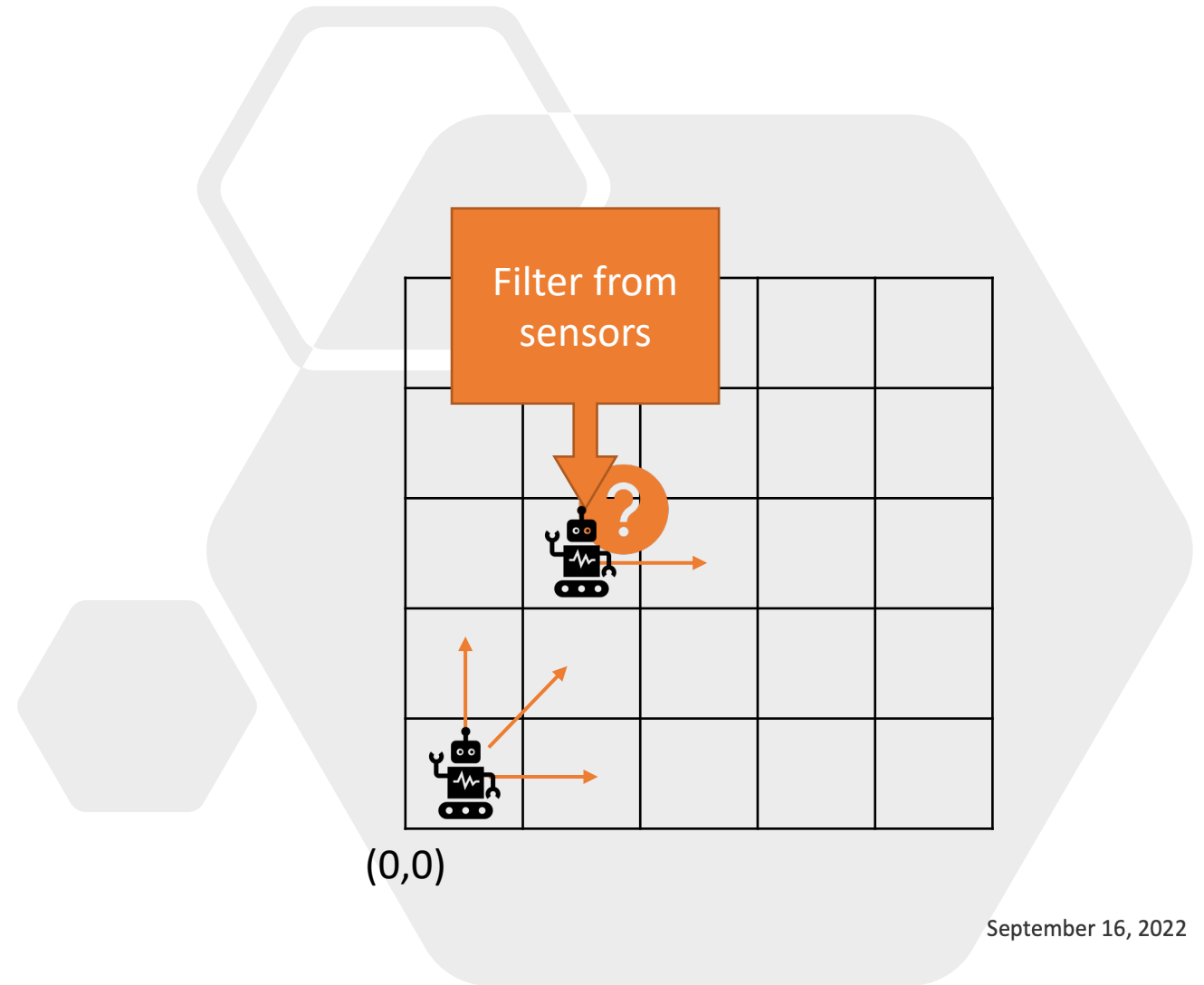
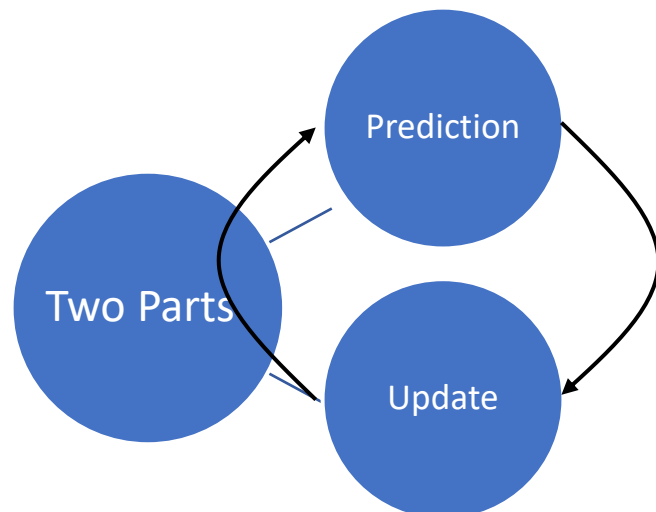


Kalman Filter

- For data fusion → estimate the state of a dynamic system
 - In the present (filtering)
 - past (smoothing)
 - future (prediction)
- Estimate the **state** of a robot from odometry data+observations
- Bayesian Filter

Bayes Filter

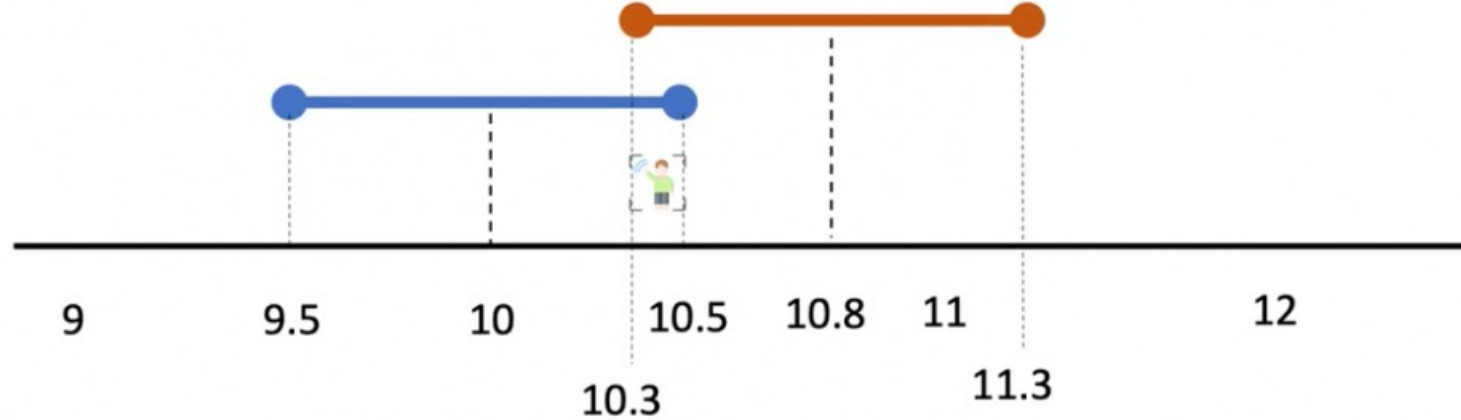
- probabilistic approach
- estimating an **unknown PDF**
 - recursively over time using
 - incoming **measurements** and
 - a mathematical process **model**



September 16, 2022

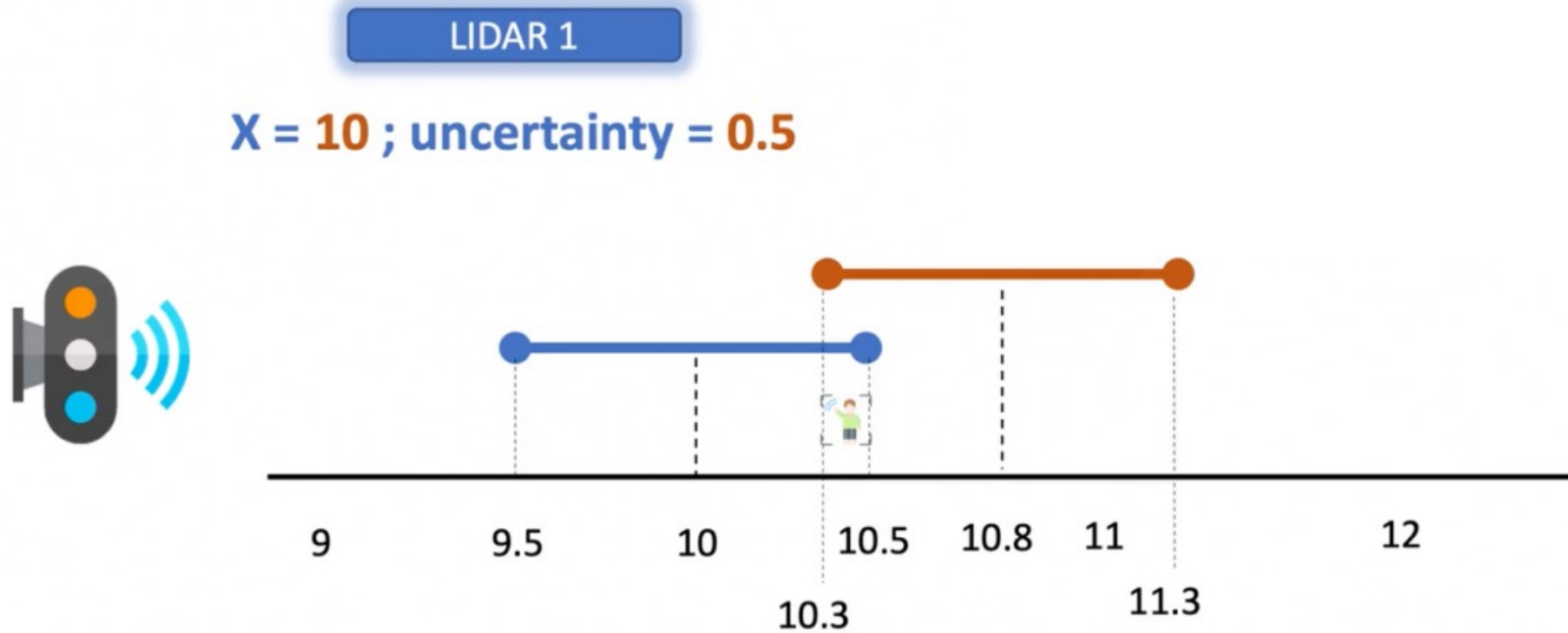
Kalman Filter

Sensors capture incomplete or noisy information



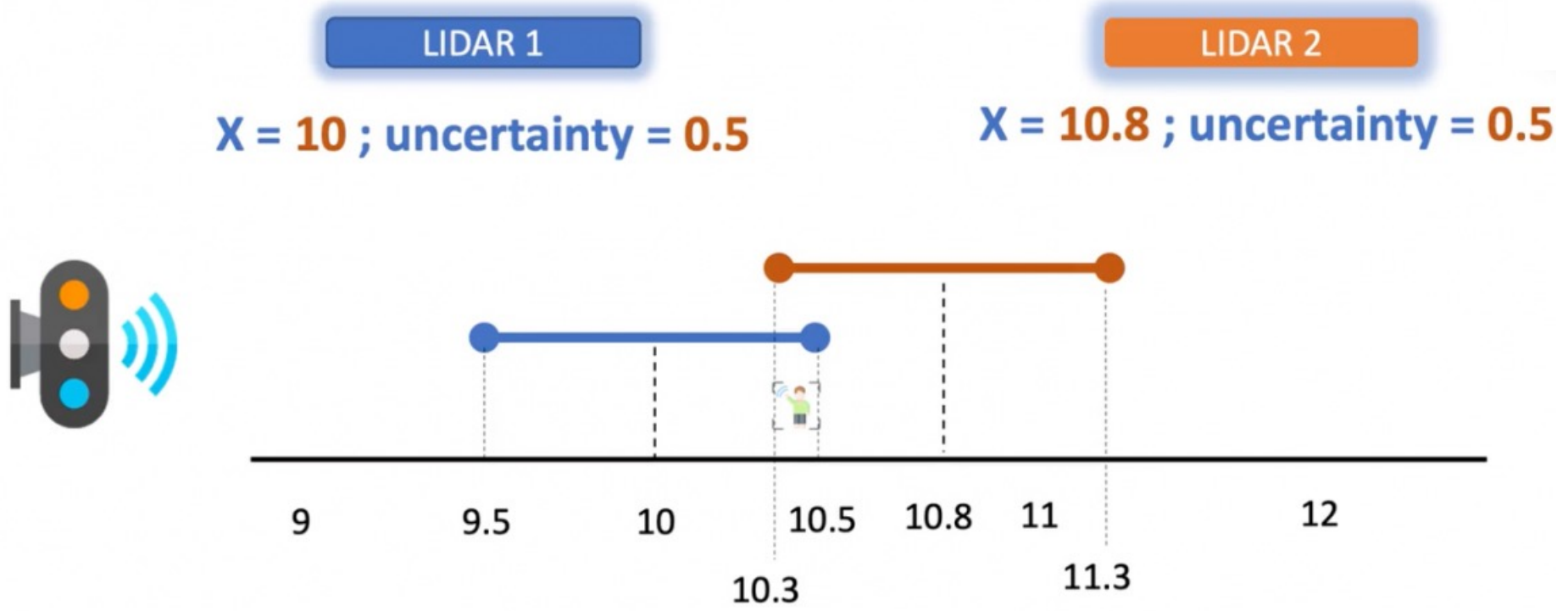
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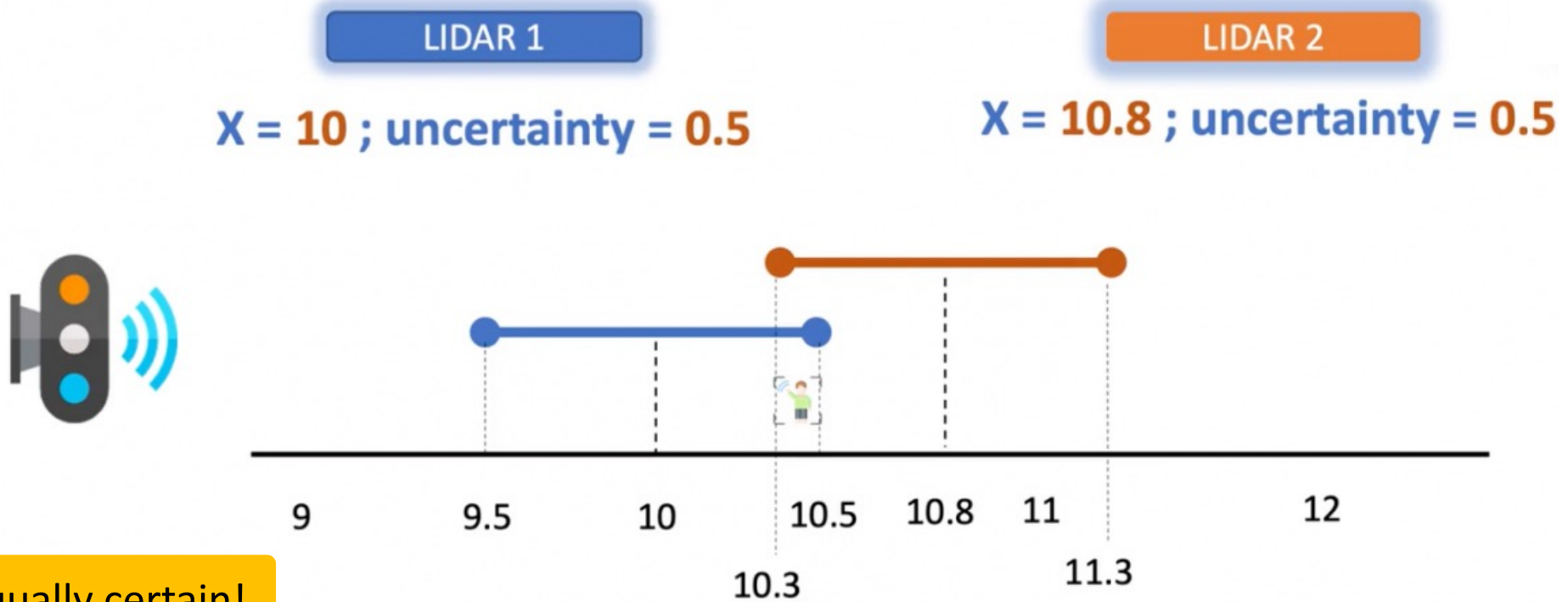
Kalman Filter

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Kalman Filter

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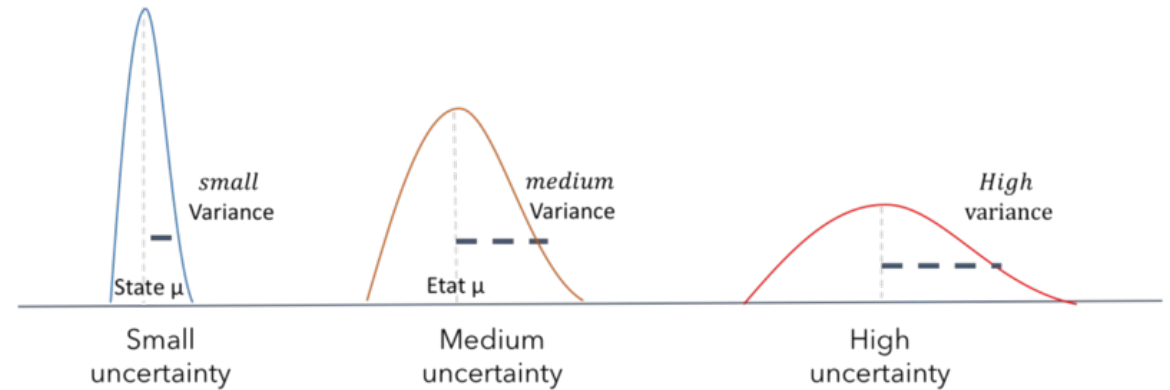
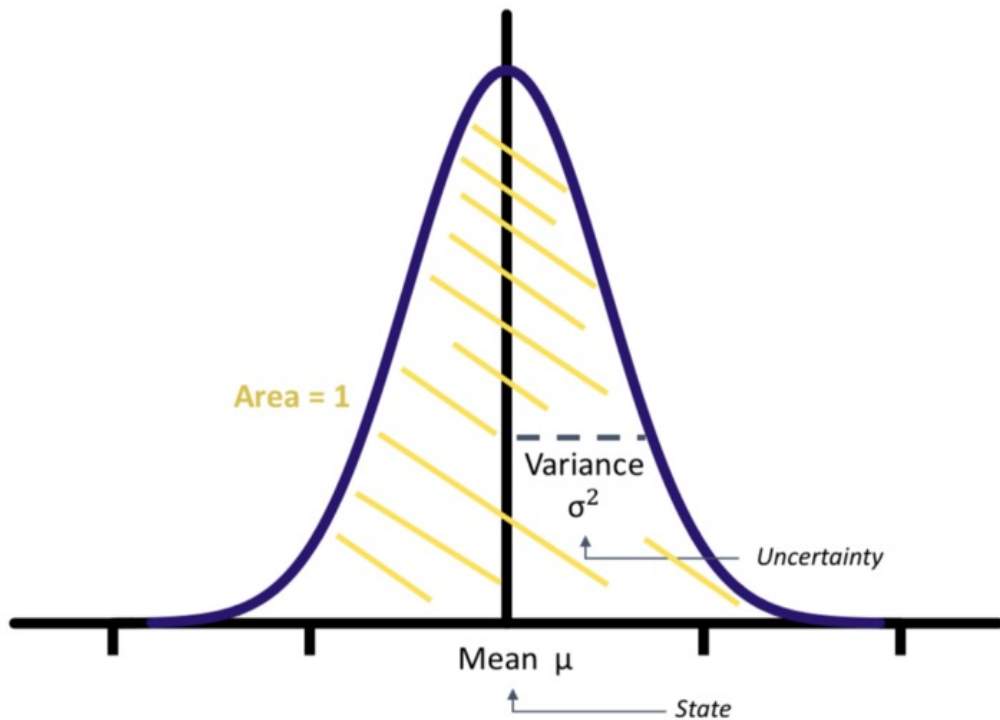
Both sensors equally certain!

Pedestrian \rightarrow 10.4
probability \rightarrow 0.98

The pedestrian is between 10.3 and 10.5

Gaussians

Kalman Filters express state and uncertainty using **Gaussians**



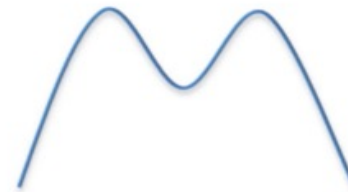
Kalman Filter and Gaussians

- Kalman Filter is unimodal
 - Single peak each time

Unimodal



Bimodal

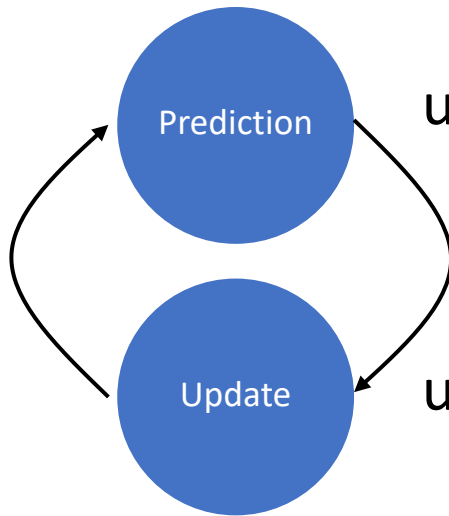


Multimodal



- An obstacle is **not** both, 10m away with 90% and 8m away with 70% probability
- **9.7m away with 98% or nothing**

Kalman Filter | Under the Hood



use estimated state to **predict future** state+uncertainty

use observations of sensors to **correct** prediction+**improve** accuracy

state of system

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} p \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

position

velocity

Only needs **current observations**
and **previous predictions**

Kalman Filter | Steps

- Imagine sensor fusion between LiDAR and RADAR
- Only their outputs (late fusion)
- Kalman Filter: unimodals and Gaussians to represent state/uncertainty
- Prediction/update cycle

Kalman Filters | Predictions

- estimate state x' and uncertainty P' at time $t+1$

estimated state of system at $t+1$ ←

← **transition matrix** from t to $t+1$

← old state of system at time t

$$x' = Fx + u$$

← noise

estimated uncertainty of system at $t+1$ ←

← old uncertainty of system at time t

$$P' = FPF^T + Q$$

← covariance matrix including noise

Kalman Filter | Predictions [contd.]

- New position = former position (x) times matrix (F)

• F → motion model

- matrix describing how to move from t to t+1

position (t+1) = position (t) + velocity (t)*time

velocity (t+1) = velocity (t)

constant velocity

- Can consider other motion models for F

- Constant Turn Rate, Constant Velocity, Constant Acceleration

Kalman Filter | Prediction Matrix Example

$$x' = F \cdot x$$

$$x' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \Delta t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \text{position} \\ \text{velocity} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x' = \begin{array}{l} \text{position} + \text{velocity} \cdot \Delta t \\ \dot{x} \end{array}$$

Kalman Filter | Update Measurements

- Adjust position, correct how to update next step

difference between actual measurements and prediction

actual measurement

observation matrix

prediction

$$y = z - Hx'$$

system error

Kalman Gain [between 0 and 1]

$$S = HP'H^T + R$$

sensor noise

$$K = P'H^T S^{-1}$$

Kalman Filter | Final Update

- Compute new x and P

$$x = x' + Ky$$

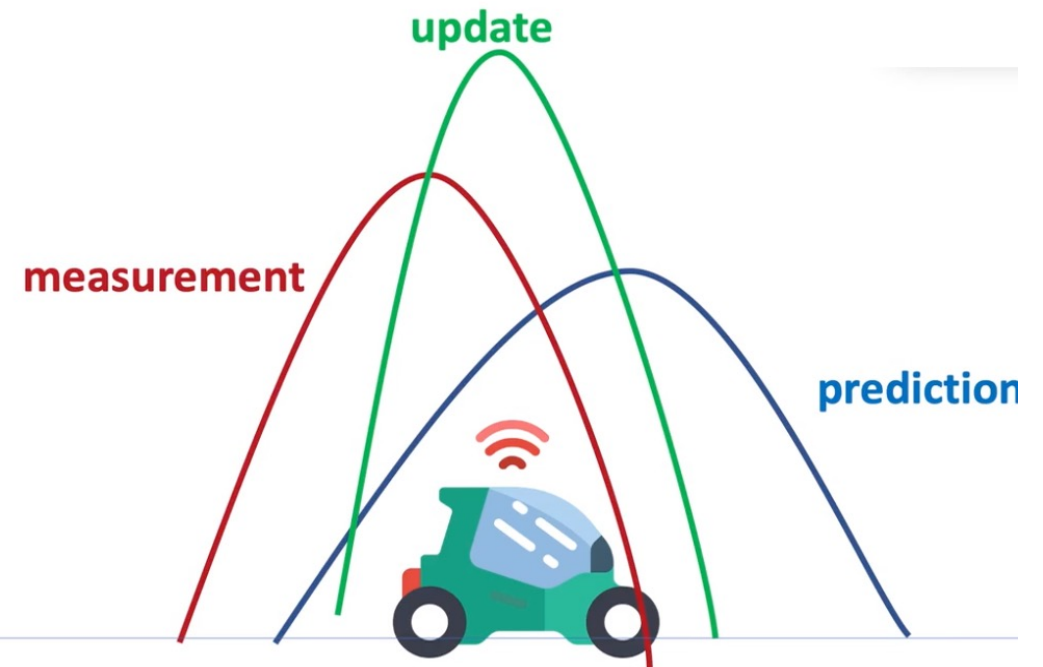
$$P = (I - KH)P'$$

Kalman Filter | Bayesian Filtering

- We want to **estimate posterior**
 - posterior = prior (prediction) * likelihood (measurement)

$$P(A|B) = \frac{\overset{\text{likelihood}}{P(B|A)} * \overset{\text{prior}}{P(A)}}{\underset{\text{normalizer}}{P(B)}}$$

posterior



RADAR/LiDAR Sensor Fusion Flow

Each time a sensor value comes in → new prediction+update cycle

t=0

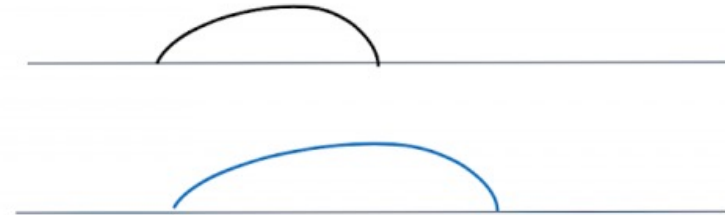
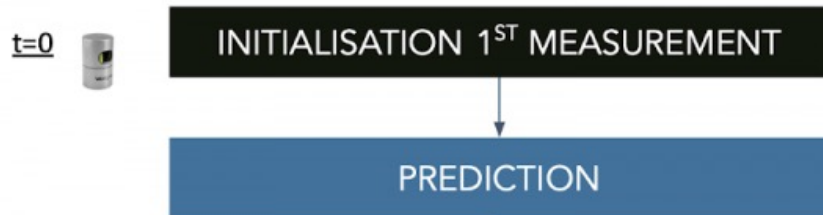


INITIALISATION 1ST MEASUREMENT



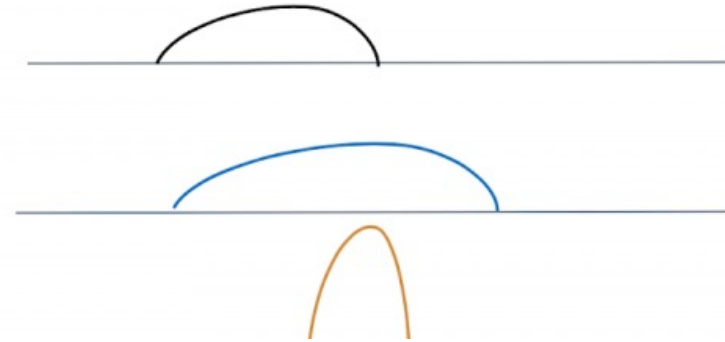
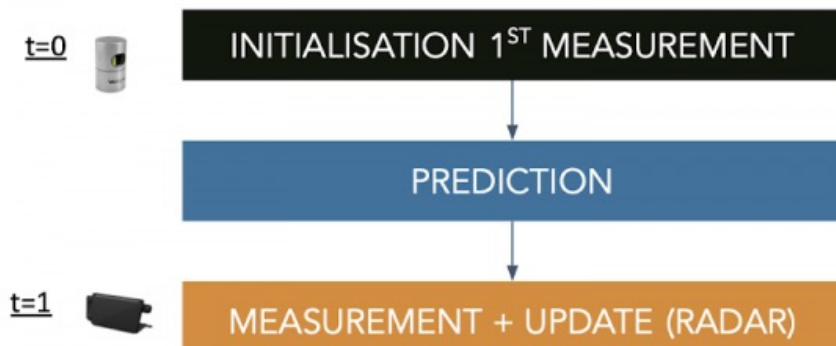
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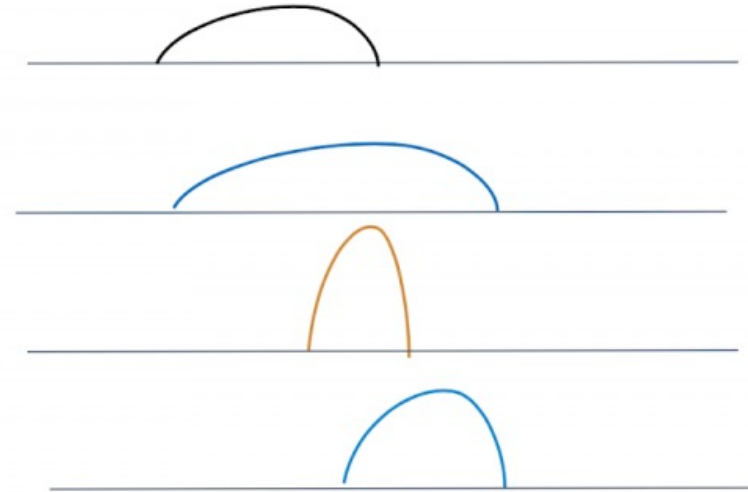
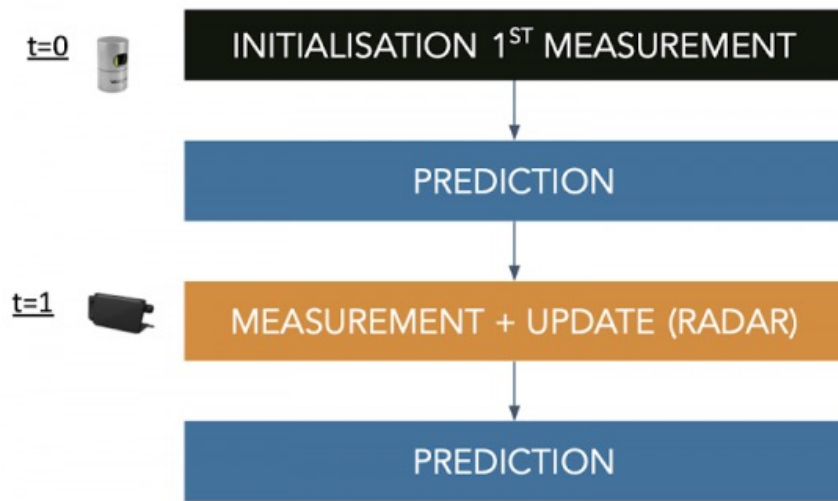
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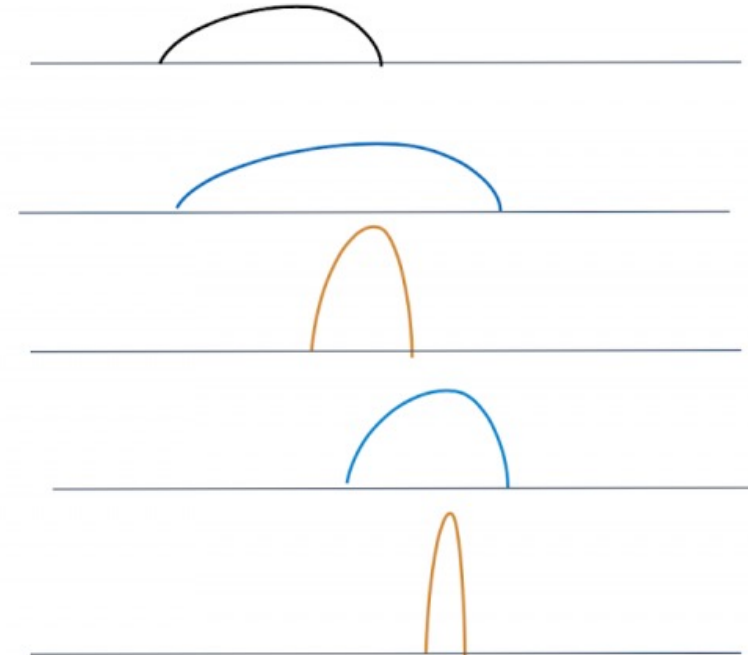
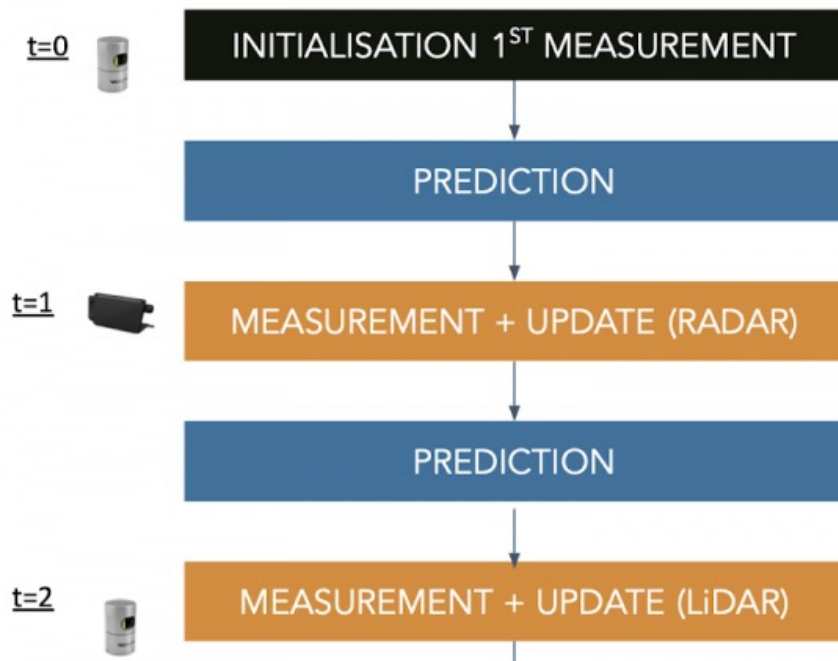
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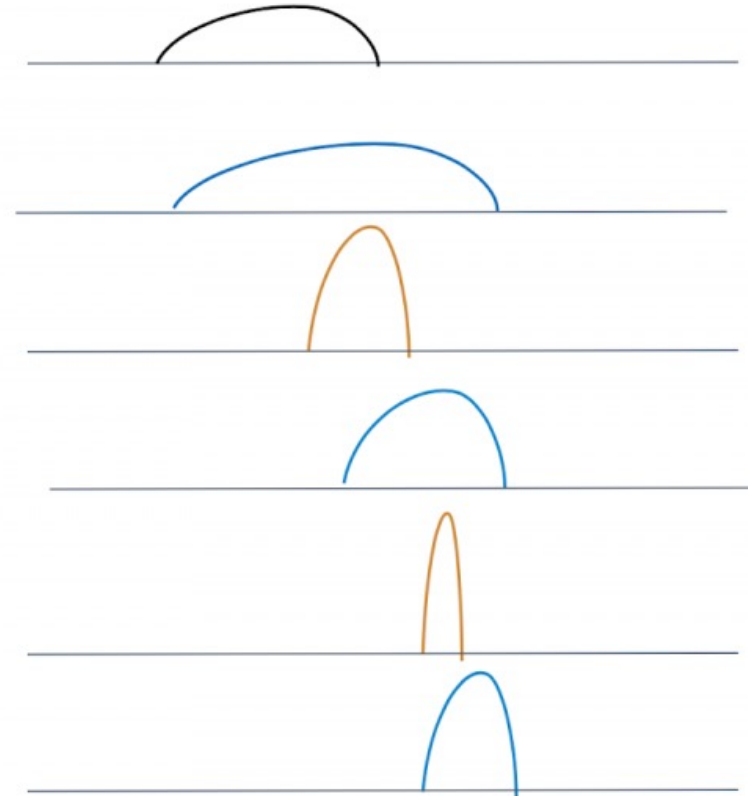
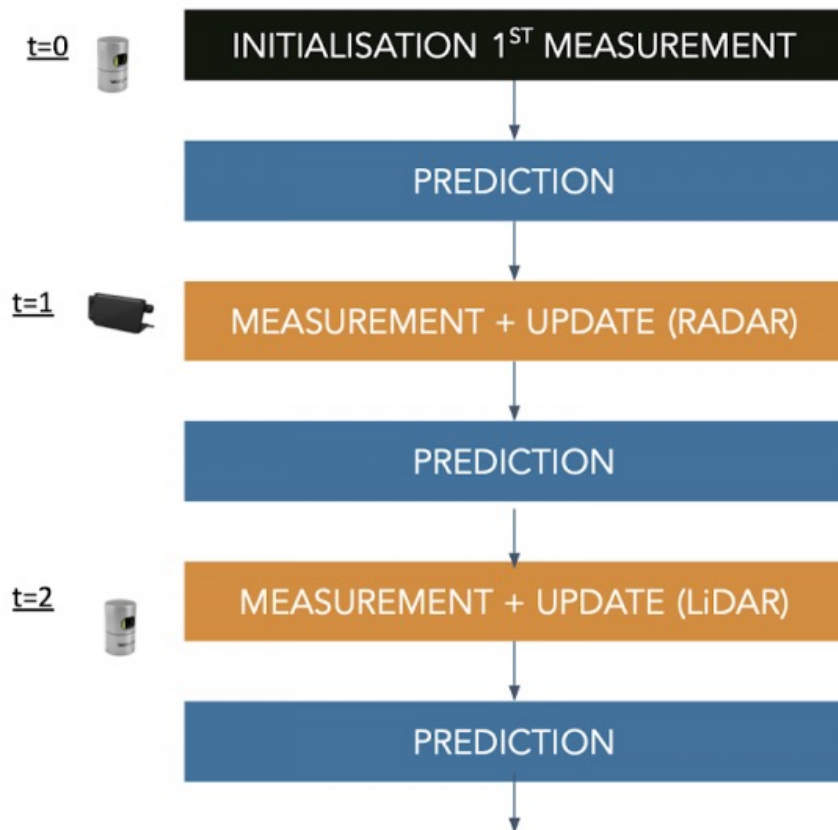
RADAR/LiDAR Sensor Fusion Flow

Each time a sensor value comes in → new prediction+update cycle



RADAR/LiDAR Sensor Fusion Flow

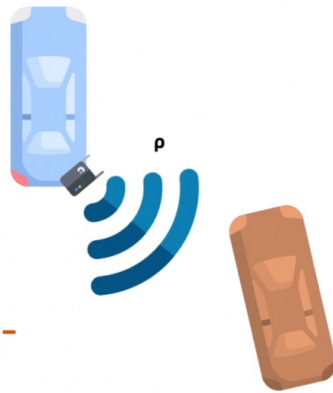
Each time a sensor value comes in → new prediction+update cycle



Kalman Filter | Hang on a minute...

- LiDAR has cartesian (linear) values of type $y=ax+b$
- RADAR → **not linear!**

Measurements are non-linear

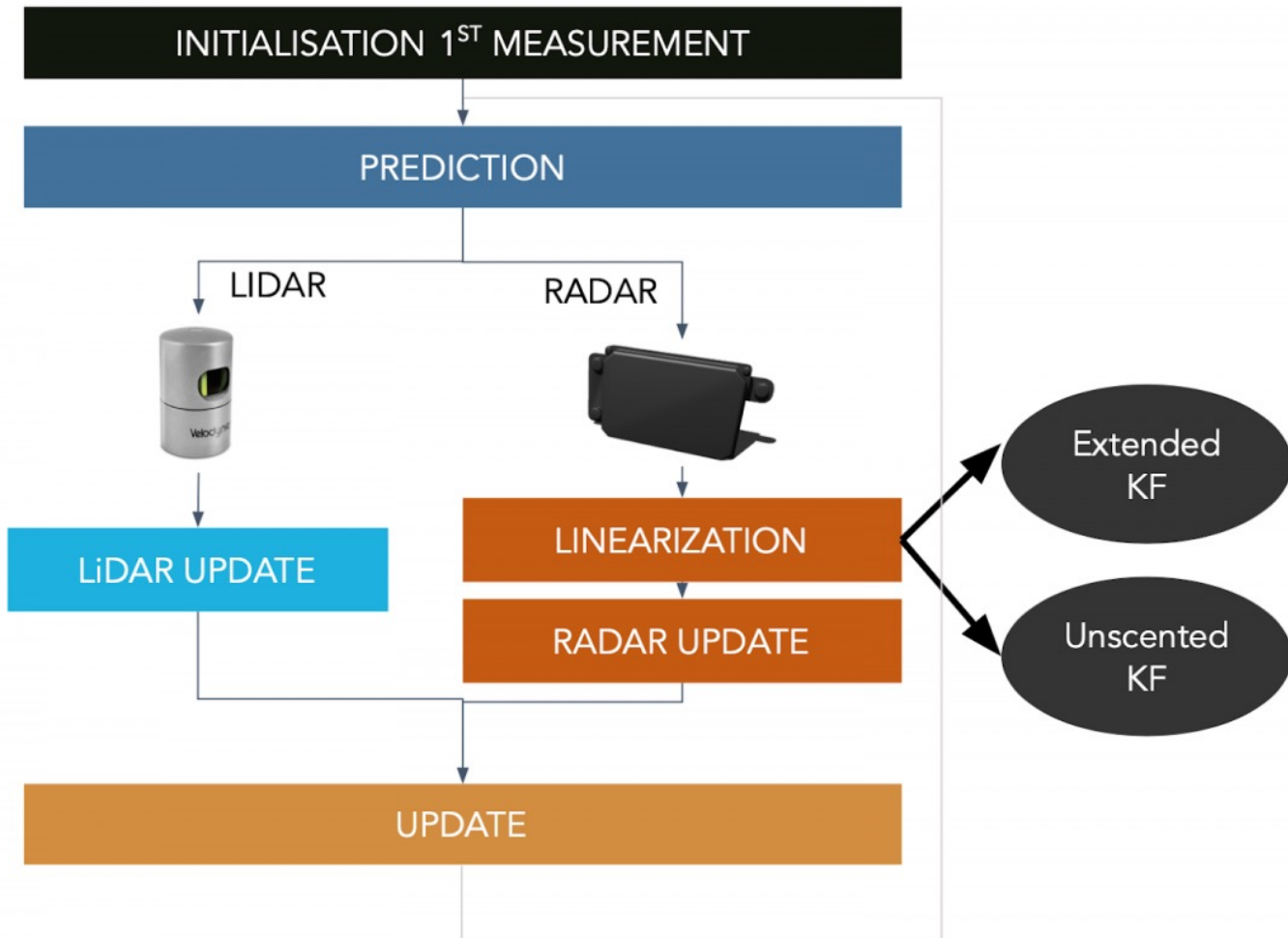


- How to reconcile the two?

Non-Linear Kalman Filters

- The world is **non-linear**
 - Not everything moves in straight lines
 - All sensors work differently
- Two types of Kalman Filters
 - Extended Kalman Filters
 - Unscented Kalman Filters

Final Sensor Fusion Flow



References

- Kalman Filter (with code):

<https://towardsdatascience.com/wtf-is-sensor-fusion-part-2-the-good-old-kalman-filter-3642f321440>

- A decent primer on the Kalman Filter

<https://www.thinkautonomous.ai/blog/?p=sensor-fusion>

- Extended Kalman Filter with a nice video

<https://kusemanohar.wordpress.com/2020/04/08/sensor-fusion-extended-kalman-filter-ekf/>

- Some papers that use EKF

- <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/1338645>

- <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7435659/>